



## راه حل تکلیف شماره ۱۰

### فصل نهم

## محاسبه‌ی تبدیل فوریه‌ی گسسته

### COMPUTATION OF THE DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM

◇ مسئله‌های تحلیلی - تشریحی

1. [Oppenheim/Schafer/Buck Problem #9.2] The gain along the path shown is  $W_N^0 \cdot -1 \cdot W_N^2 = -W_N^2$ . There is only one path between the each input and each output sample. Part (c) is just tedious computation.

2. [Oppenheim/Schafer/Buck Problem #9.3] The input should be placed in  $A[r]$  in bit reversed order ( $A[0], A[1], \dots, A[7] = (x[0], x[4], x[2], x[6], x[1], x[5], x[3], x[7])$ ). The output from  $D[r]$  is normal order. If  $x[n] = (-W_N)^n$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} D[k] &= \sum_{n=0}^7 (-W_8)^n W_8^{nk} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^7 (-1)^n W_8^{n(k+1)} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^7 W_8^{-4n} W_8^{n(k+1)} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^7 W_8^{n(k-3)} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $D[k] = \delta[k - 3]$ . More tedious computation shows that

$$C[k] = \begin{cases} \frac{D[k]+D[k+4]}{2} & \text{if } 0 \leq k < 4 \\ \frac{D[k-4]-D[k]}{2} \cdot W_8^{k-4} & \text{if } 4 \leq k < 8 \end{cases}$$

Substitute for  $D[k] = X[k]$ .

3. [Oppenheim/Schafer/Buck Problem #9.4] In any stage,  $N/2$  butterflies must be computed. There are  $2^{m-1}$  different coefficients in the  $m$ 'th stage. The difference equation is given by  $y[n] = W_{2^m} y[n-1] + x[n]$  has impulse response  $h[n] = W_{2^m}^n u[n]$ . Noting that  $W_{2^m} = e^{-j2\pi/2^m}$ , we see that  $h[n]$  has period  $2^m$ . Therefore, the frequency of the oscillator is  $2\pi/2^m$ .

4. [Oppenheim/Schafer/Buck Problem #9.6] It is not possible to say. This could have come from either decimation in time or decimation in frequency.